## **ERRATUM**

NIKODIJEVIC, O., K. A. JACOBSON AND J. W. DALY. Locomotor activity in mice during chronic treatment with caffeine and withdrawal. PHARMACOL BIOCHEM BEHAV 44(1) 199-216, 1993.

Figure 6A was not properly represented in the above-referenced article. For the reader's convenience, Figure 6 appears in its correct form below. We regret any inconvenience caused by this error.

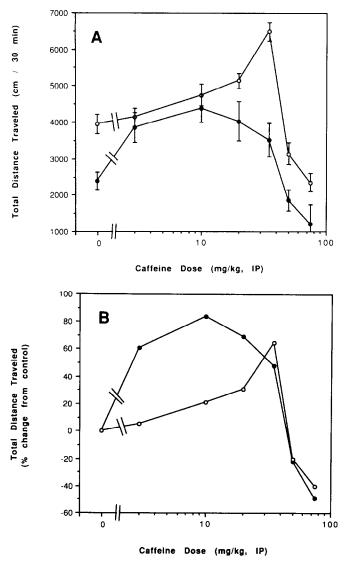


FIG. 6. Dose-response curve for effects of caffeine injections on locomotor activity of mice after chronic caffeine ingestion for 4 days. Locomotor activity was determined after intraperitoneal injection of various doses of caffeine to control mice and mice after chronic ingestion of caffeine for 4 days with no withdrawal. Each point represents a separate group of mice with an appropriate control group. (A) Total distance treaveled. (B) Percent of locomotor activity relative to mice injected with vehicle. Each point represents a separate group of mice with an appropriate control group. Values are means  $\pm$  SEM (n = 6.39). An ED<sub>50</sub> for stimulation of locomotor activity in control mice can be estimated at about 20 mg/kg, while an ED<sub>50</sub> for chronic caffeine-treated mice can be estimated at about 2 mg/kg.